

## Exhibit - Gamma

*US Corporate State "United States Government" DUN# 052714196, is listed as a corporation with Dun and Bradstreet's credit tracking system as a business.*

| <i>Agency</i>                                  | <i>DUN #</i>            |
|--|-------------------------|
| United States Government                       | 052714196               |
| US Department of Defense (DOD)                 | 030421397               |
| US Department of the Treasury                  | 026661067               |
| US Department of Justice (DOJ)                 | 011669674               |
| US Department of State                         | 026276622               |
| US Department of Health & Human Services (HHS) | Office of the Secretary |
| 112463521                                      |                         |

*The proper name for the Republics under the Articles of Confederation was and is "Arizona." It wasn't until the Constitution was ratified that these same political entities ALSO acquired an ADDITIONAL name as "State of Arizona". In acts of Congress written after the Constitution was ratified, the **SOVEREIGN AND LEGISLATIVELY FOREIGN STATE** under the Articles of Confederation was referred to as the "Republic of Arizona". This entities is where all **EXCLUSIVELY PRIVATE** and therefore **LEGISLATIVELY FOREIGN PROPERTY** is held, protected, and maintained. As **EXCLUSIVELY** private property, this property is **NOT SUBJECT** to the legislative jurisdiction of **ANY** government:*

*"When one becomes a member of society, he necessarily parts with some rights or privileges which, as an individual not affected by his relations to others, he might retain. "A body politic," [Editor's note: A body politic, is a **SOCIAL COMPACT** by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good] as aptly defined in the preamble of the Constitution of Massachusetts, "is a social compact by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good."*

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*THIS DOES NOT CONFER POWER UPON THE WHOLE PEOPLE TO CONTROL RIGHTS WHICH ARE PURELY AND EXCLUSIVELY PRIVATE, THORPE V. R. & B. RAILROAD CO., 27 VT. 143; but it does authorize the establishment of laws requiring each citizen to so conduct himself, and so use his own property, as not unnecessarily to injure another. This is the very essence of government, and 125\*125 has found expression in the maxim sic utere tuo ut alienum non lædas. From this source come the POLICE POWERS, which, as was said by Mr. Chief Justice Taney in the License Cases, 5 How. 583, "are nothing more or less than the powers of government inherent in every sovereignty,... that is to say, . . . the power to govern men and things." Under these powers the government regulates the conduct of its citizens one towards another, and the manner in which each shall use his own property, when such regulation becomes necessary for the public good. [Munn. verses Illinois, 94 U.S. 113 (1876)].*